

Využití metod dálkového průzkumu země pro stanovení závadných látek v obálkách stavebních objektů

Polák, Mojmír 2022

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Centre of Environmental Research

Waste Management, Circular Economy and Environmental Security

WP 1.A4 The application of remote sensing methods for the determination of pollutants in building envelopes

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The application of remote sensing methods for the determination of pollutants in building envelopes

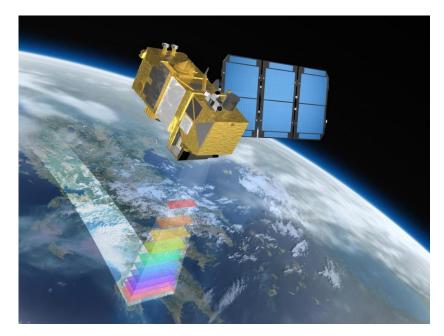
Bc. Mojmír Polák

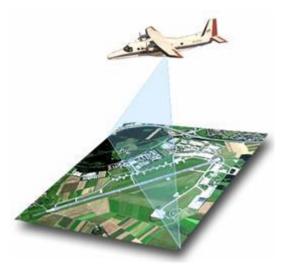
Czech Environmental Information Agency



Remote sensing

 Remote sensing is the process of detecting and monitoring the physical characteristics of an area by measuring its reflected and emitted radiation at a distance (typically from satellite, aircraft or UAV)







ESA (2012) DLR (2022) Resonon (2022)



Aims of study

Detection of asbestos-containing or eternit materials in the outer envelope buildings

2021

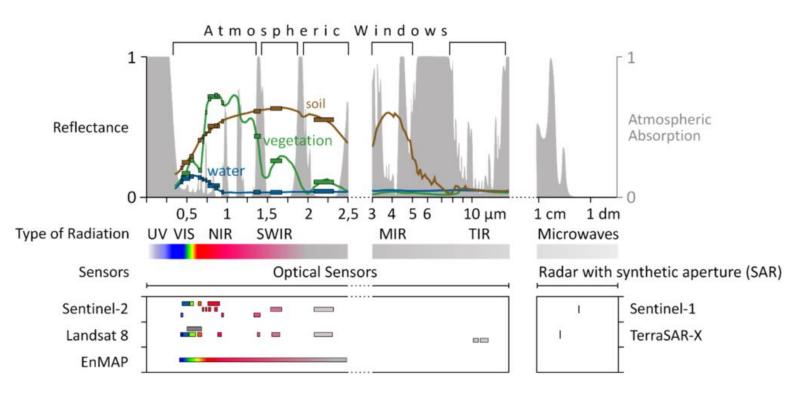
- Literature research on the topic detection of asbestos-containing materials using panchromatic, multispectral and hyperspectral data
- Validation of selected data processing methods at test sited eventually, design of own detection method (or processing process)

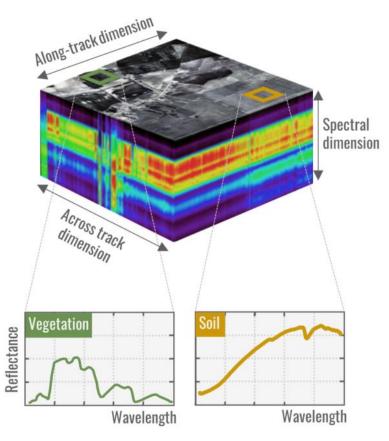
2022

- Application of selected remote sensing data analysis to the detection of asbestos-containing materials within a larger area (e.g. municipality)
- Creation of a specialised map of asbestos roofs (coverings) in a selected area (input classes municipality)



Hyperspectral data





EO College (2022)

EO College (2022)

1st area of interest: Šošůvka





2nd area of interest: Vysoké Popovice





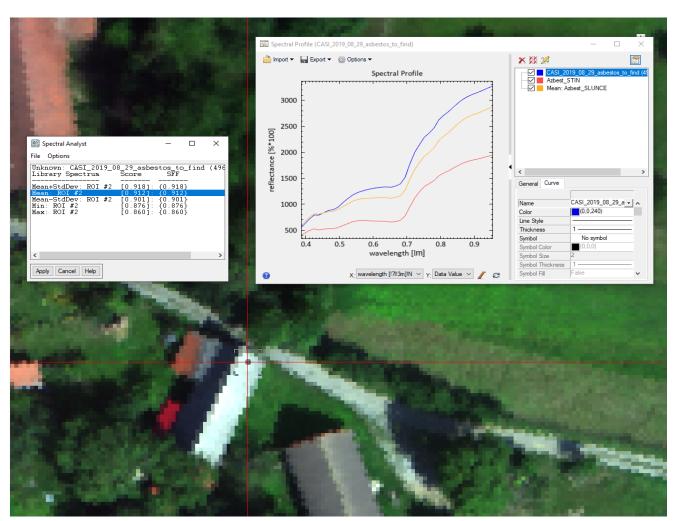


Data and methods

- Cooperation with CzechGlobe Institute of Global Change Research,
 The Czech Academy of Sciences (CAS)
- Aerial hyperspectral data
 - CASI (400-1000 nm)
 - SASI (1000-2500 nm)
- Spectral Analyst
- Minimum Noise Fraction (MNF) Transform
- Classification of hyperspectral data using SAM algorithm







Blue curve: unknown material
Orange curve: Average curve of the AZBEST
roof from 1000 pixels on the sunlit side
Red curve: Average curve of the AZBEST roof
from 1000 pixels on the shadow side

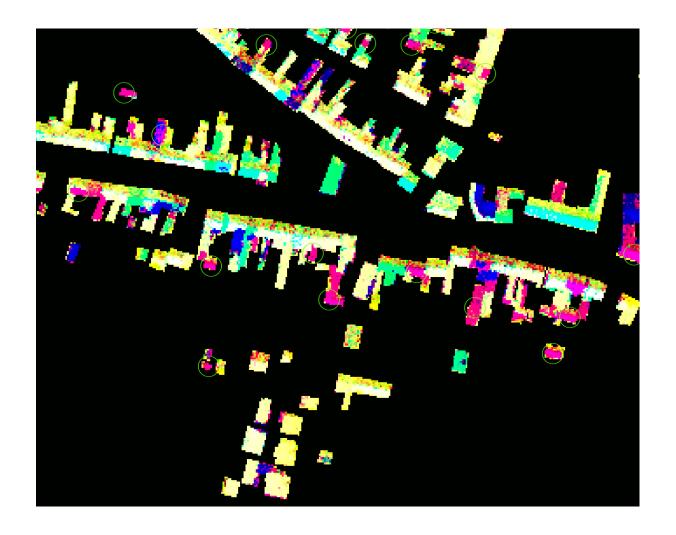


91% asbestos in the tested pixel in Šošůvka



Minimum Noise Fraction Transform

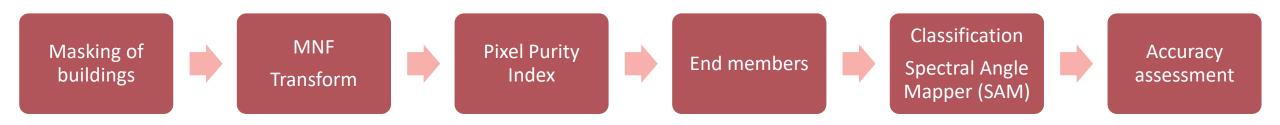
- Vysoké Popovice
- Roofs with potential asbestos content can be visually interpreted after transformation





Classification of hyperspectral data

- More complex process than for multispectral data (Landsat, Sentinel-2)
- Results affected by the quality of the training sample (shadows, mixing of materials)
- Input classes:
 - Asbestos medium roofing
 - Ceramic roofing (red, black)
 - Roof made of asphalt strips
 - Sheet metal roofing
- The accuracy of asbestos-cement roofs identification in Popovice was 68 %





Sources

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Thank you for your attention!