

The Isolation and Identification of Branched Cyclic C7 Olefins in the Rearrangement of 1-Methylcyclohex-1-Ene during Hydrodesulfurization of Model FCC Gasoline.

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THE ISOLATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF BRANCHED CYCLIC C7 OLEFINS IN THE REARRANGEMENT OF 1-METHYLCYCLOHEX-1-ENE DURING HYDRODESULFURIZATION OF MODEL FCC GASOLINE

Jan Sýkora, Luděk Kaluža, Jindřich Karban, Jan Storch and Petr Žáček

^a Institute of Chemical Process Fundamentals of the AS CR, v.v.i., Rozvojová 2/135, 16502 Prague 6, Czech Republic

^bInstitute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry of the AS CR, v.v.i., Flemingovo nám.2, 16610 Prague 6, Czech Republic

In our recent study we have compared hydrodesulfurization (HDS) and olefin hydrogenation (o-HYD) selectivity in a large set of sulfide catalysts containing various metals and supports; Co(Ni)Mo/Al₂O₃ sulfide catalysts. Our model feed was a solution of 1-benzothiophene (BT) and 1-methylcyclohex-1-ene (1-MCH) in n-decane. The reaction was performed in the gas phase in a fixed-bed tubular flow microreactor at 360 °C and 1.6 MPa. During the first step of the catalytic process of the simultaneous HDS of 1-benzothiophene and o-HYD of 1-methylcyclohex-1-ene (1-MCH) we had to deal with the problem of the olefin isomerization (o-ISO). The reaction then further proceeds to o-HYD. The identification of the o-ISO products required for a detailed kinetic study of the process represents an analytical challenge under given condition. GC/MS analysis showed that the major portion of 1-MCH was transformed into 3- and 4-methylcyclohex-1-ene (3- and 4-MCH) and approximately 5 % of 1-methylcyclohex-1-ene has been converted into ethylcyclopentene (ECP) and dimethylcyclopentene (DMCP) isomers.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_2 \text{ / 1.6 MPa, 360 °C} \\ \text{Hydrodesulfurization (HDS)} \\ \\ \text{H}_2\text{S} \\ \\ \text{-H}_2\text{S} \\ \\ \text{-H}_2\text{S} \\ \\ \text{-H}_2\text{S} \\ \\ \text{-H}_3\text{C} \\ \\ \text{-H}_3$$

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