

Syntesis of [n]Phenacenes for Optoelectronics

Jakubík, Pavel 2014

Dostupný z http://www.nusl.cz/ntk/nusl-174814

Dílo je chráněno podle autorského zákona č. 121/2000 Sb.

Tento dokument byl stažen z Národního úložiště šedé literatury (NUŠL).

Datum stažení: 01.10.2024

Další dokumenty můžete najít prostřednictvím vyhledávacího rozhraní nusl.cz .

Syntesis of [n]Phenacenes for Optoelectronics

Student: Ing. Pavel Jakubík Supervisor: Ing. Jan Storch, Ph. D.

[n]Phenacenes are a group of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, which are isomeric forms of linear [n]acenes. Thanks to their conjugated π -electron system, both of these groups are suitable for usage in optoelectronics (OLED, OFET). But unlike [n]acenes, attributes of [n]phenacenes are more promising in practical use. Due to higher stability and preferable semiconductive characteristics in both N-type and P-type semiconductors, [n]phenacenes can potentialy find practical utilization in optoelectronics over [n]acenes.

The goal of this work was to develop a multigram scale photochemical syntesis of [n]phenacenes and their derivates from stilbene precursors. In the past, vast efforts were made to examine [n]phenacenes-based organic P-type semicondutors, but this work is focused on introduction of electron-acceptor substituents (fluorine, nitrogen, oxygen) into or onto phenacene system (Scheme 1). These substitutions lead to a shift of semicondutivity from P-type to N-type and with their proper choice, semiconductive properties of [n]phenacenes could be modulated and their use in practical applications can be predetermined.

Scheme 1. Examples of [n] phenacenes